

(19)



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(11)

EP 1 561 896 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
10.08.2005 Bulletin 2005/32

(51) Int Cl.7: E06B 9/386

(21) Application number: 04013347.2

(22) Date of filing: 07.06.2004

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR
HU IE IT LI LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR
Designated Extension States:
AL HR LT LV MK

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(30) Priority: 04.02.2004 CN 04223132 U

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(54) Slat

(57) A fabric blind slat (100) for a window blind includes a base fabric (10) made from an opaque knitted fabric, two coil units (20) respectively coupled to and extended along two opposite edges of the base fabric (10), and two supporting sleeves (30) respectively enclosed inside the coil units (20). The coil unit (20) is knitted

from a thread looped on a thread at the edge of the basic fabric (10). The supporting sleeve (30) is a tubular member having two open ends for insertion of a rigid supporting member (70) therein. The supporting sleeve (30) is enclosed inside the coil unit (20) at the time while the coil unit (20) is formed by knitting.

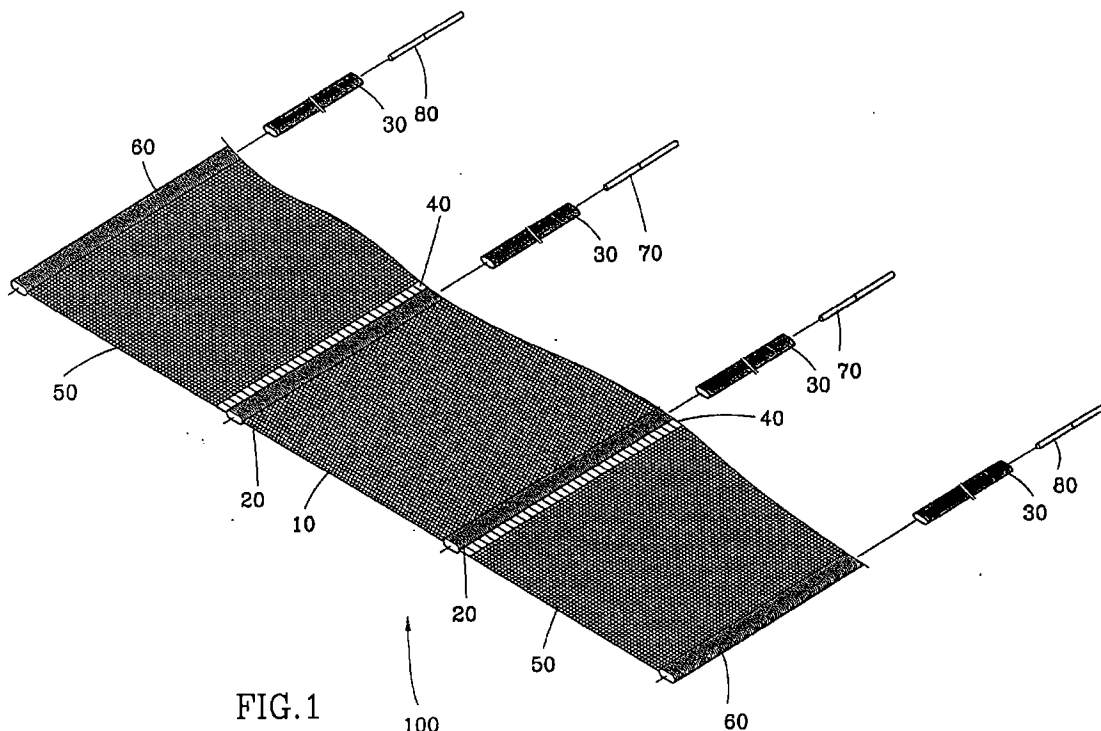


FIG. 1

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to a window blind and more particularly, to a fabric blind slat for the window blind.

2. Description of the Related Art

[0002] Various blinds for covering windows are known. These window blinds include Venetian blinds, pleated blinds, roller shades, Roman shades, honey-comb shades, etc. Conventionally, a window blind may be comprised of a plurality of separated blind slats that can be tilted to regulate the light, or a series of blind slats that can be lifted/lowered to regulate the light. These window blinds commonly use blind slats to control shading of incident light.

[0003] Currently, wood, plastic, metal and compound materials are commonly used to make blind slats. Material selection is determined subject to many factors including light transmitting rate, durability, weight, and price. Fabric materials may be used for making blind slats for a window blind for the advantage of their aesthetic appearance. However, fabric blind slats have the drawback of easy to sag. In order to eliminate sagging of fabric blind slats, US patent No. 5,829,506 discloses a fabric blind slat, which comprises an elongated strip of fabric characterized in that the strip of fabric has at least one longitudinally extending pocket on a longitudinal edge into which a relatively rigid support member is insertable. The longitudinal extending pocket is integrally formed with the strip and, in cross section, has a seamless endless periphery. According to this design, the pocket must be stiff so as to define a longitudinal extending space for the insertion of the rigid support member. (According to experience, if the pocket is made soft, the insertion of the rigid rod member into the pocket will be difficult and complicated such that the manufacturing cost will be relatively increased). To have this stiff fabric property, the pocket must be made by shuttle weaving. Because the pocket and the elongated strip of fabric are made in integrity, the elongated strip of fabric must be shuttle-weaving fabric. Shuttle-weaving fabric has a high density, however it is easy to wrinkle. Due to poor wrinkle-resistant material property, the aforesaid fabric blind slat starts to wrinkle quickly with use or after washing. When the fabric blind slat wrinkled, the sense of beauty of the fabric material is destroyed. The wrinkles of the fabric blind slat affect passing of incident light into the inside of the house. Further, shuttle-weaving fabric has low tear-resistance. When washed with force, the fabric blind slat may be torn easily. When damaged, the fabric blind slat must be replaced, causing inconvenience.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] It is the primary objective of the present invention to provide a fabric blind slat for window blind, which not only has a stiff longitudinal pocket for insertion of a rigid member but also can be kept in shape against wrinkling.

[0005] It is another objective of the present invention to provide a fabric blind slat for window blind, which has a relatively higher tear-resistance.

[0006] It is still another objective of the present invention to provide a fabric blind slat for window blind, which prevents dazzling of incident light.

[0007] It is still another objective of the present invention to provide a fabric blind slat for window blind, which has an aesthetic appearance to causes a sense of beauty.

[0008] To achieve these objectives of the present invention, the fabric blind slat for a window blind provided by the present invention comprises a base fabric made from an opaque knitted fabric, two coil units coupled to and extended along two opposite edges of the base fabric, and two supporting sleeves respectively enclosed inside the two coil units. The coil unit is knitted from a thread looped on a thread at the edge of the basic fabric. The supporting sleeve is a tubular member having two open ends for insertion of a rigid supporting member. The supporting sleeve has a hardness greater than that of the coil unit. The supporting sleeve is enclosed inside the coil unit at the time while the coil unit is formed by knitting.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009]

FIG. 1 is an exploded view of a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic view of a part of FIG. 1, showing one knitting pattern of the coil unit where a thread is looped on a straight thread at an edge of the base fabric.

FIG. 3 is similar to FIG. 2 but showing another knitting pattern of the coil unit where a thread is looped on a loop-like thread at an edge of the base fabric. FIG. 4 is a schematic view of the preferred embodiment of the present invention, showing the coil unit knitted around the supporting sleeve.

FIG. 5 is a perspective view of a Venetian blind using the fabric blind slats according to the present invention.

FIG. 6 is a schematic drawing showing incident light passed through the fabric blind slats from the outside of the house into the inside of the house according to the present invention.

FIG. 7 is a perspective view of a pleated window shade using the fabric blind slats according to another preferred embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 8 is a perspective view of the fabric blind slat used in FIG. 7.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0010] Referring to FIGS. 1-6, a fabric blind slat **100** is shown for use in a window blind, for example, a Venetian blind. The fabric blind slat **100** is preferably integrally made by a knitting machine such that the fabric blind slat **100** can have the advantage of high wrinkle-resistance and tear-resistance power. As shown in FIG. 1, the fabric blind slat **100** comprises a base fabric **10**, two longitudinal extending inner coil units **20**, four supporting sleeves **30**, two folding segments **40**, two shading segments **50**, two longitudinal extending outer coil units **60**, two supporting members **70**, and two weights **80**.

[0011] The base fabric **10** is a narrow, elongated, thin opaque sheet member of knitted fabric, having two end-edge threads **111** respectively extended along the two opposite long edges. The end-edge thread **111** can be arranged in a respective straight line as shown in FIG. 2, or can be arranged as curved loop-like line as shown in FIG. 3.

[0012] As shown in FIGS. 2 and 3, the inner coil unit **20** is coupled to and extended along the end-edge thread **111** of the base fabric **10**. The inner coil unit **20** comprises a thread **21** wound round and extended along the end-edge thread **111**. In FIG. 2, one odd-numbered portion **211** of the loop-like thread **21** is extended over the end-edge thread **111** and then turned downwards to a predetermined distance to form an even-numbered portion **212**, and then the even-numbered portion **212** is turned upwards toward the end-edge thread **111** to form another odd-numbered portion, and the winding procedure is repeated again and again to form the desired inner coil unit **20** at the end-edge thread **111** of the base fabric **10**. In FIG. 3, one odd-numbered portion **211** of the thread **21** is extended upward to the left side of one loop of the end-edge thread **111** and then turned across the right side of the loop and extended downwards to a predetermined distance to form an even-numbered portion **212**, and the winding procedure is repeated again and again to form the desired inner coil unit **20** at the end-edge thread **111** of the base fabric **10**. Either the pattern shown in FIG. 2 or the pattern shown in FIG. 3, the odd-numbered portions **211** and even-numbered portions **212** of each thread **21** are stretched outwards in reversed directions, thereby providing a tubular passage for insertion of one supporting sleeve **30**.

[0013] The supporting sleeves **30** are tubular cloth members of relatively harder material having two ends opened and a relatively higher density than the base fabric **10** and the inner coil units **20**. The supporting sleeves **30** are put in the knitting machine before knitting the inner coil units **20** so that the inner coil units **20** can be formed around the supporting sleeves **30** respectively (see FIG. 4), i.e., the inner coil units **20** are knitted

around the respective supporting sleeves **30** each having at least one thread **21** coupled to one long side of the base fabric **10** where the odd-numbered portions **211** of the thread **21** of each inner coil unit **20** are disposed on the upper side of the respective supporting sleeve **30** and the respective even-numbered portions **212** disposed on the bottom side of the respective sleeve **30**.

[0014] The two folding segments **40** are knitted fabrics of reinforced yarns, which are tough and flexible and can deform easily with external traction force, respectively outwardly extended from the respective outer lateral side of the inner coil units **20** along the length thereof.

[0015] The two shading segments **50** are meshed fabrics knitted on the outer side of each folding segment **40**. The width and length of the shading segments **50** are approximately equal to the base fabric **10** in width and length. Further, the two shading segments **50** have different sizes of meshes, i.e., the two shading segments **50** have different light shading ratios.

[0016] The two outer coil units **60** are respectively knitted on the respective outer side of the shading segments **50** around the other two of the supporting sleeves **30** in a manner similar to the knitting of the inner coil units **20**.

[0017] The supporting members **70** are rigid round rods approximately equal to the length of the inner coil units **20** and respectively inserted into the supporting sleeves **30** in the inner coil units **20** to support the inner coil units **20** in shape.

[0018] The weights **80** are heavy rigid round rods approximately equal to the length of the outer coil units **60** and respectively inserted into the supporting sleeves **30** in the outer coil units **60** such that the shading segments **50** and the outer coil units **60** can be smoothly saggy when the fabric blind slat **100** is in use by means of the weight **80**.

[0019] The installation and use of the fabric blind slat **100** in a window blind are described hereinafter with reference to FIGS. 5 and 6. A predetermined number of fabric blind slats **100** are spacedly arranged in parallel below the headrail **1**. Because the two long sides of the base fabric **10** is supported between the supporting members **70**, the base fabric **10** is kept in a flat manner. Therefore, cord members can be suspended from the headrail **1** to join fabric blind slats **100**, holding fabric blind slats **100** in parallel at different elevations. The installation procedure of fabric blind slats **100** can be referred to US patent No. 5,829,506 or US application No. 10/378829 filed by the present applicant. Because the installation procedure of fabric blind slats **100** is not within the scope of the present invention, no further detailed description in this regard is necessary. At this time, the shading segments **50** is sagging due to the effect of the weights **80** and the deformable feature of the tough flexible folding segments **40**. During installation, the shading segments **50** are so arranged that the one which has

relatively smaller meshes (higher light shading ratio) is disposed facing the inside of the house, and the other one which has relatively greater meshes (lower light shading ratio) is disposed facing the outside of the house. After the base fabric **10** has been set in a flat manner, incident light passes from the outdoor through the shading segment **50**, which has relatively greater meshes, and then through the shading segment **50**, which has relatively smaller meshes, and then into the inside of the house, and therefore light rays entered the house does not dazzle the eyes.

[0020] Because the fabric blind slat **100** is a knitted fabric, it has a good wrinkle-resistance feature. When washed with water, the fabric blind slat **100** won't be wrinkled easily. Because the knitted fabric of the fabric blind slat **100** has high tear-resistance strength, the fabric blind slat **100** is durable in use. Because inner coil units **20** and the outer coil units **60** are knitted fabrics having a bulky structure, it is not easy to directly insert the supporting members **70** and the weights **80** into the inner coil units **20** and the outer coil units **60**. Therefore, the sleeves **30** are preset in the inner coil units **20** and the outer coil units **60** to accommodate the support members **70** and the weights **80**.

[0021] Further, because the two folding segments **40** are knitted fabrics of reinforced yams respectively outwardly extended from the respective outer side of the inner coil units **20**, the folding segments **40** are curved smoothly to keep the base fabric **10** and the shading segments **50** in flat when the weights **80** pulling the shading segments **50** downwards.

[0022] Actually, the main feature of the present invention is at the linking between the base fabric **10** and the coil units **20** and the attachment of the supporting members **70** to form a fabric slat, achieving the effect of the present invention. The folding segments **40**, the shading segments **50**, the outer coil units **60**, the supporting members **70**, and the weights **80** illustrated in the above-mentioned embodiment just show the use of the present invention in a Venetian blind. As shown in FIG. 7, the invention can also be employed to a pleated shade. As shown in FIG. 8, the pleated shade comprises a plurality of fabric slats **A** and a plurality of folding segments **40** respectively connected between each two fabric slats **A**. By means of the folding segments **40**, the fabric slats **A** can be folded up or extended out relative to one another.

Claims

1. A fabric blind slat for a window blind, comprising:

a base fabric made from an opaque knitted fabric and having two opposite edges;
two inner coil units respectively coupled to and extended along the two opposite edges of said base fabric, said inner coil units each having at

least one thread knitted on a respective end-edge thread at each of said edge of said base fabric;

two supporting sleeves respectively enclosed in said coil units, said supporting sleeves being tubular members having two open ends; and
two supporting members respectively formed of a relatively rigid rod member and respectively received in said supporting sleeves.

2. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 1, wherein said supporting sleeves are relatively harder than said inner coil units and have a relatively higher density than that of said coil units.

3. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 1, wherein the thread of each said inner coil unit has odd-numbered portions and even-numbered portions respectively wound round upper and bottom sides of the respective supporting sleeve.

4. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 1, wherein the thread of each said inner coil unit has odd-numbered portions and even-numbered portions, which are stretched in reversed directions for the insertion of the supporting sleeve.

5. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a folding segment outwardly extended from an outer side of one said inner coil unit, and a meshed shading segment outwardly extended from an outer side of said folding segment opposite to said inner coil units.

6. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a meshed shading segment outwardly extended from an outer side of one said inner coil unit.

7. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 1, further comprising two folding segments made from a tough and flexible material and respectively outwardly extended from an outer side of each of said inner coil units, and two meshed shading segments respectively outwardly extended from an outer side of each of said folding segments.

8. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 7, where said meshed shading segments have different sizes of meshes.

9. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 5, further comprising an outer coil unit having at least one thread knitted on an outer side of said shading segment, a supporting sleeve being a tubular member having two open ends and enclosed in said outer coil unit, and a weight received in said supporting sleeve inside said outer coil unit.

10. A fabric blind slat for a window blind, comprising:

two base fabrics respectively made from an opaque knitted fabric, said base fabrics each having two opposite edges;
four longitudinal extending coil units respectively coupled to and extended along the two opposite edges of each said base fabric, said coil units each having at least one thread knitted on a respective end-edge thread at each of said edge of said base fabric;
four supporting sleeves respectively enclosed in said coil units, said sleeves being tubular members having two open ends;
four supporting members respectively formed of a relatively rigid rod member and respectively received in said supporting sleeves; and
a folding segment connected between one of said coil units at one of said base fabrics and one of said coil units at the other base fabric, said folding segment being a knitted tough and flexible fabric.

11. A fabric blind slat for a window blind, comprising:

a base fabric made from an opaque knitted fabric and having two opposite edges;
a coil unit coupled to and extended along one of said edges of said base fabric, said coil unit having at least one thread knitted on an end-edge thread at said edge of said base fabric;
a supporting sleeve enclosed in said coil unit, said supporting sleeve being a tubular member having two open ends; and
a supporting member formed of a relatively rigid rod member and received in said supporting sleeve.

12. A window blind, comprising:

a headrail; and
a plurality of fabric slats joined by cord members and spacedly arranged below said headrail, said fabric slats each comprising:

a base fabric made from an opaque knitted fabric and having two opposite edges;
two inner coil units respectively coupled to and extended along the two opposite edges of said base fabric, said inner coil units each having at least one thread knitted on a respective end-edge thread at each of said edges of said base fabric;
two supporting sleeves respectively enclosed in said coil units, said supporting sleeves being tubular members having two open ends; and
two supporting members respectively

formed of a relatively rigid rod member and respectively received in said supporting sleeves.

5 13. The window blind as claimed in claim 12, wherein said supporting sleeves are relatively harder than said inner coil units and have a relatively higher density than that of said coil units.

10 14. The window blind as claimed in claim 12, wherein the thread of each said inner coil unit has odd-numbered portions and even-numbered portions respectively wound round upper and bottom sides of the respective supporting sleeve.

15 15. The window blind as claimed in claim 12, wherein the thread of each said inner coil unit has odd-numbered portions and even-numbered portions, which are stretched in reversed directions for the insertion of the supporting sleeve.

20 16. The window blind as claimed in claim 12, wherein said fabric slats each further comprise a folding segment outwardly extended from an outer side of one said inner coil unit, and a meshed shading segment outwardly extended from an outer side of said folding segment opposite to said inner coil units.

25 17. The window blind as claimed in claim 12, wherein said fabric slats each further comprise two folding segments made from a tough and flexible material and respectively outwardly extended from an outer side of each of said inner coil units, and two meshed shading segments respectively outwardly extended from an outer side of each of said folding segments.

30 18. The window blind as claimed in claim 17, where said meshed shading segments have different sizes of meshes.

35 19. The window blind as claimed in claim 16, wherein said fabric slats each further comprise an outer coil unit having at least one thread knitted on an outer side of said shading segment, a supporting sleeve being a tubular member having two open ends and enclosed in said outer coil unit, and a weight received in said supporting sleeve inside said outer coil unit.

40 20. A fabric blind slat for a window blind, comprising a base fabric, which is made from an opaque fabric and has two opposite edges and a coil unit knitted from at least one thread looped at one of said edges, a supporting sleeve, which is a tubular member having two open ends, enclosed in said coil unit, and a supporting member formed of a rigid rod member and received in said supporting sleeve.

21. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 20, wherein said supporting sleeve is relatively harder than said inner coil unit and has a relatively higher density than that of said coil unit.

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22. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 20, wherein the thread has odd-numbered looped portions and even-numbered looped portions respectively wound round upper and bottom sides of the supporting sleeve.

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23. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 20, wherein the thread has odd-numbered looped portions and even-numbered looped portions, which are stretched in reversed directions for enclosing the supporting sleeve.

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24. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 20, further comprising a folding segment outwardly extended from an outer side of said coil unit, and a meshed shading segment outwardly extended from an outer side of said folding segment.

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25. The fabric blind slat for a window blind as claimed in claim 24, further comprising a coil unit knitted from at least one thread looped on an outer side of said shading segment, said coil unit enclosing therein a supporting sleeve which is a tubular member having two open ends, and a weight received in said supporting sleeve inside said coil unit.

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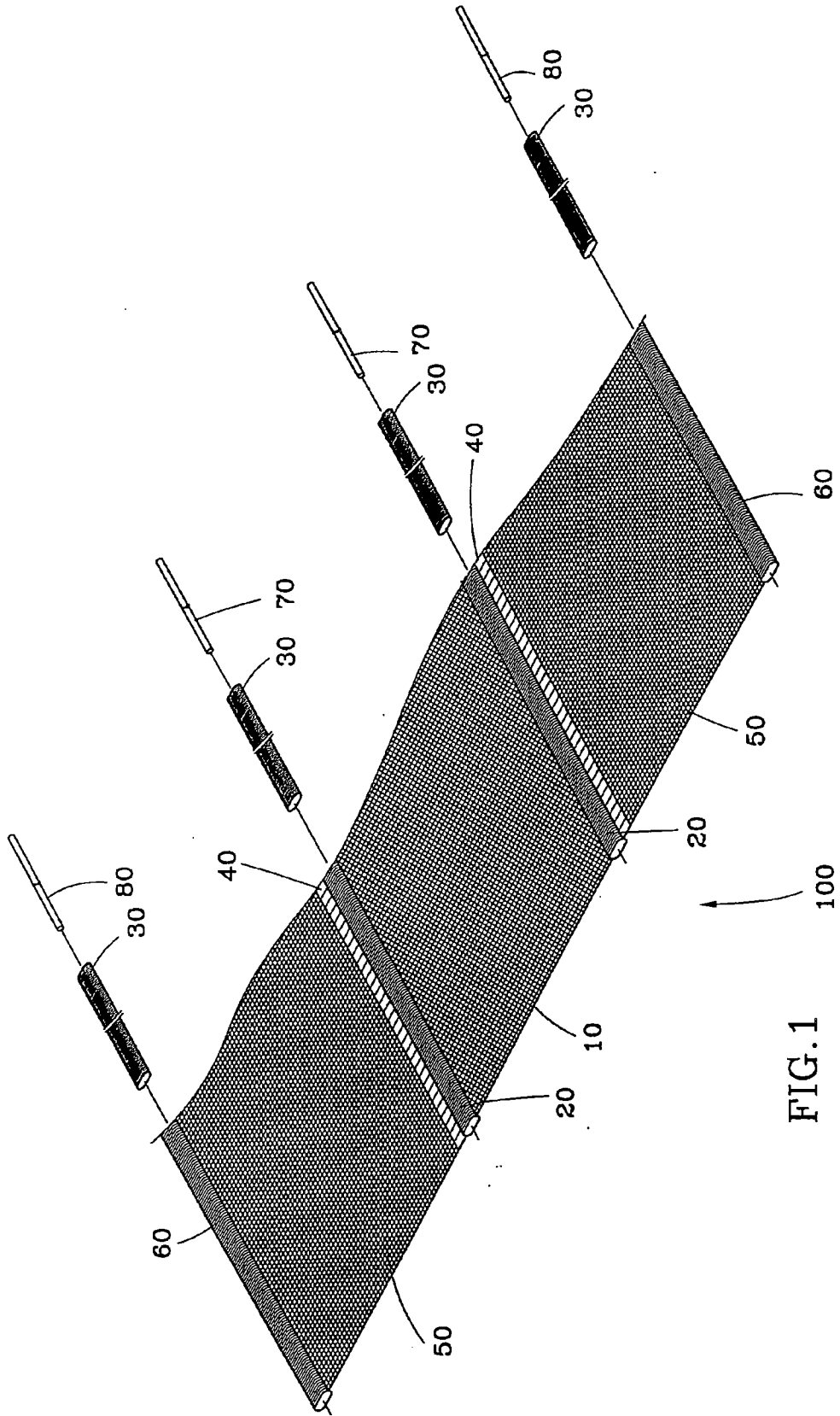


FIG. 1

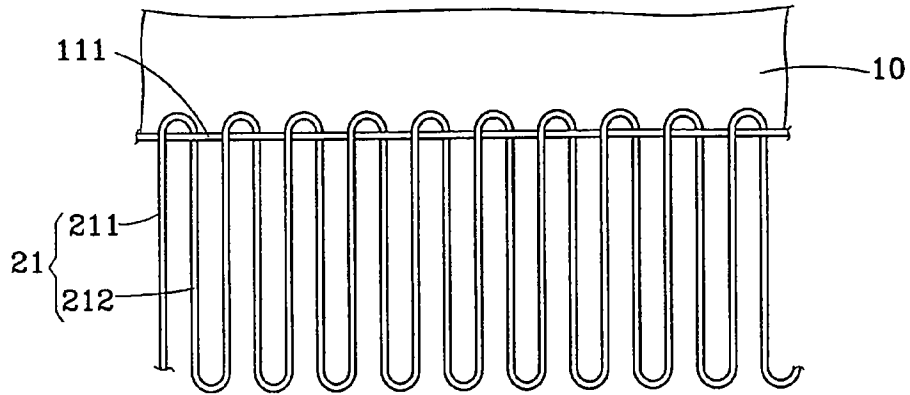


FIG. 2

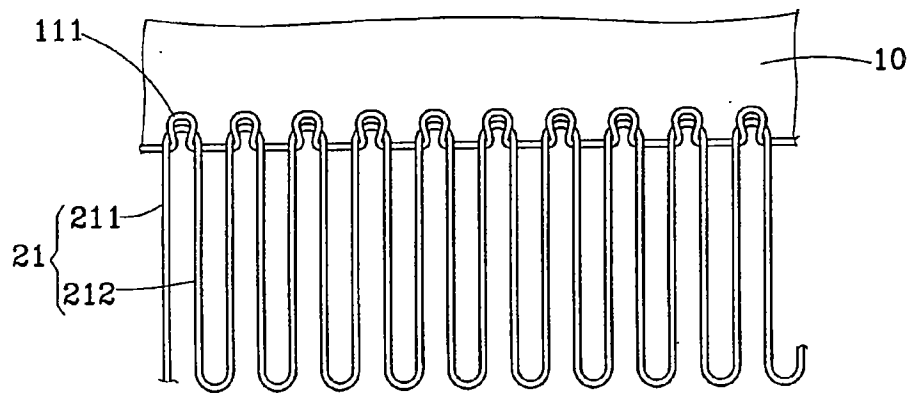


FIG. 3

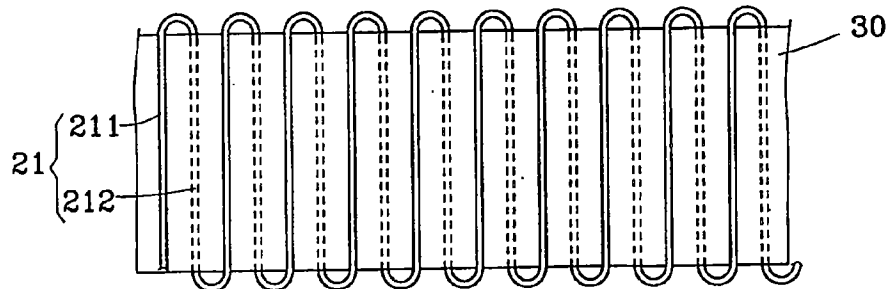


FIG. 4

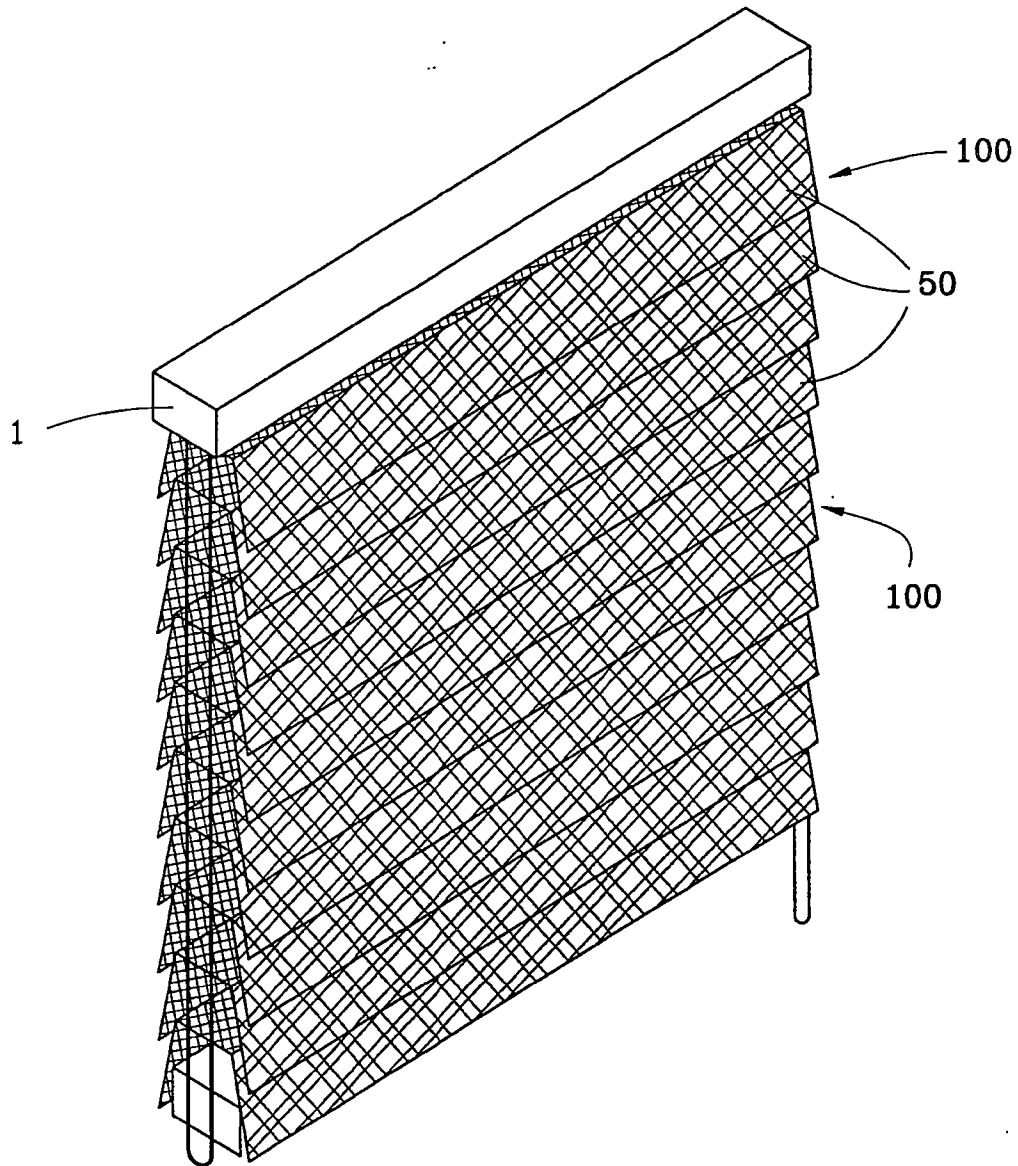


FIG.5

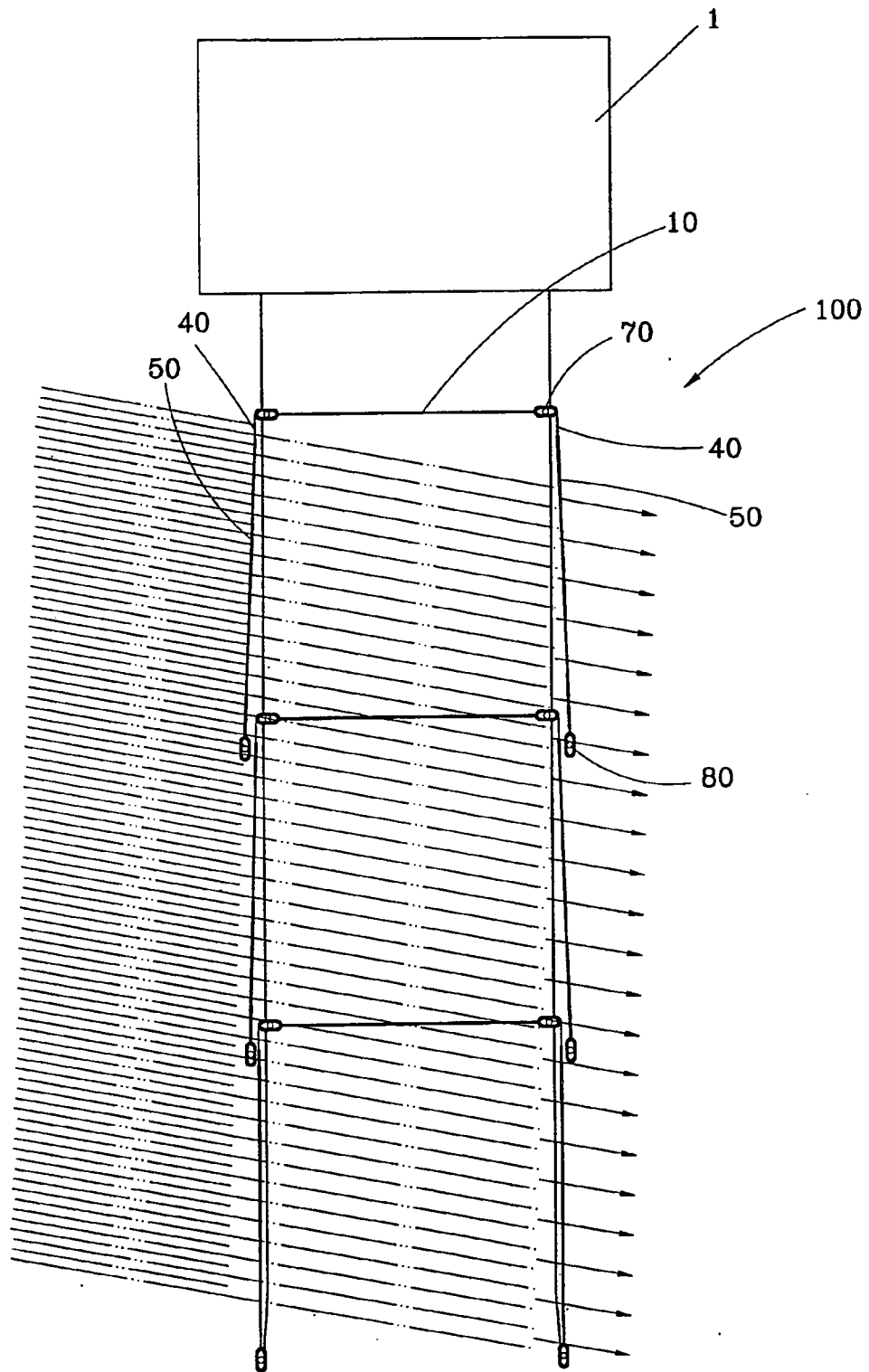


FIG.6

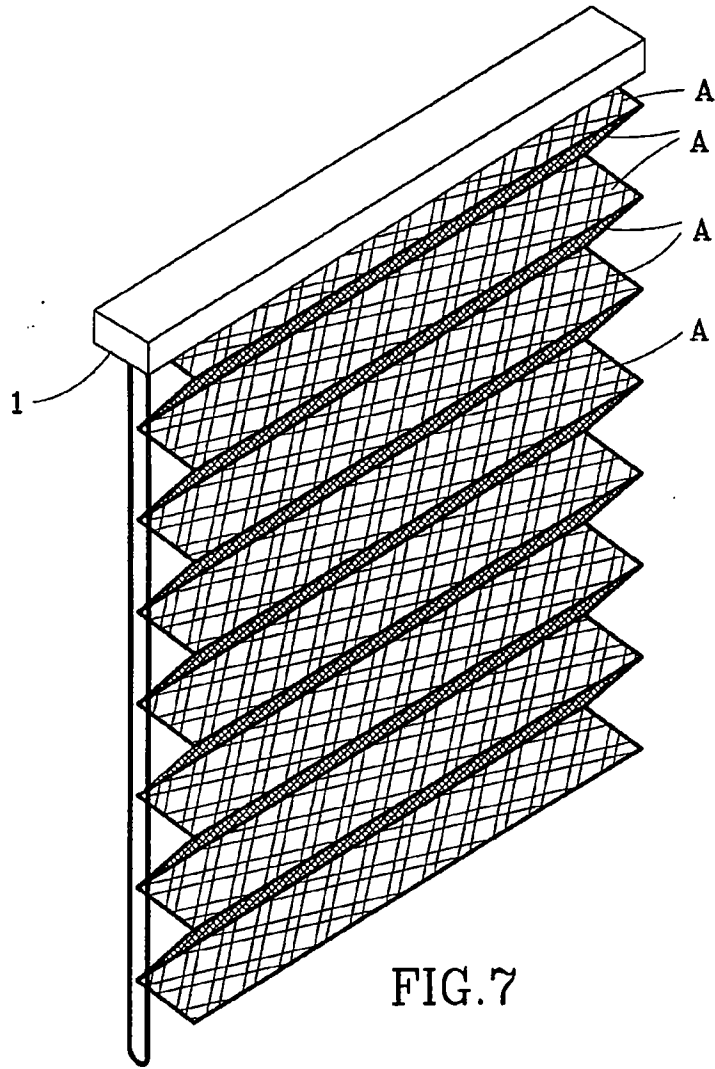


FIG. 7

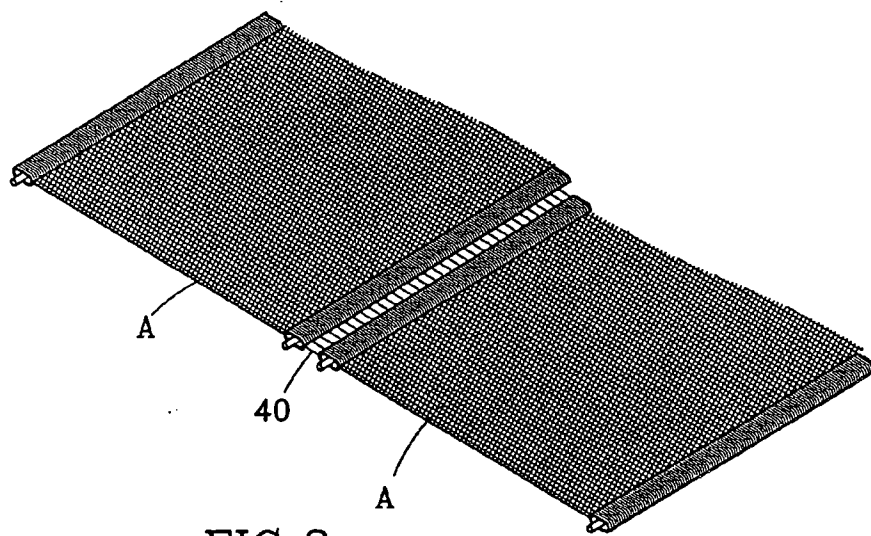


FIG. 8